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I claim:

- 1. A clock signal device, comprising:
- a fixed member;
- a movable member biased to extend beyond the plane of a base; and
- a signal circuit connected to the fixed member and movable member to operate at least one of a light, snooze and alarm.
- 2. The clock signal device of claim 1, wherein the movable member includes a button member which reciprocates to break contact between the movable member and the fixed member to disengage the signal circuit.
- 3. The clock signal device of claim 1, further comprising a bias member configured to bias the movable member beyond the plane of the base.
- 4. The clock signal device of claim 1, wherein the signal circuit includes a plurality of switches.
- 5. The clock signal device of claim 4, wherein the signal circuit includes a light circuit.
- 6. The clock signal device of claim 4, wherein the signal circuit includes a snooze circuit.
- 7. The clock signal device of claim 4, wherein the signal circuit includes an alarm circuit.
 - 8. The clock signal device of claim 1, further comprising a light source.
 - 9. The clock signal device of claim 1, wherein the movable member is a pivot.
- 10. A clock signal device for activating a signal by release of pressure over a period of time, comprising:
- a base member having an external side, an internal side and an aperture extending between the external side and the internal side;

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a movable member positioned within the internal side and across the aperture;

a fixed member positioned within the internal side;

a bias member connected to the movable member to bias the movable member in contact with the fixed member;

a button member positioned within the aperture wherein the button reciprocates by pressure to break contact between the movable member and the fixed member; and

a signal circuit in communication with the movable member and the fixed member wherein the signal circuit sends at least one signal in response to the contact between the movable member and the fixed member.

- 11. The clock signal device for activating a signal of claim 10, wherein the signal circuit is configured to send a light source signal in response to the contact between the movable member and the fixed member.
- 12. The clock signal device for activating a signal of claim 10, wherein the signal circuit is configured to send a snooze signal in response to the contact between the movable member and the fixed member.
- 13. The clock signal device for activating a signal of claim 10, wherein the button member is configured to reciprocate from a normally open position to a normally closed position.
- 14. An alarm clock for activating a signal when the alarm clock is elevated off a surface, comprising:

an enclosure having an external side, an internal side and a base, the base being normally in contact with the surface;

a button member extending from the surface to the internal side, the button member being normally in contact with the surface; and

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a bias member positioned within the internal side to bias the button member partially out of the enclosure and past the plane of the base when the base is elevated off the surface.

- 15. The alarm clock of claim 14, further comprising a movable member positioned within the internal side and connected to the bias member.
- 16. The alarm clock of claim 14, further comprising a fixed member positioned within the internal side.
- 17. The alarm clock of claim 16, further comprising a signal circuit in communication with the movable member and the fixed member wherein the signal circuit sends at least one signal in response to contact between the movable member and the fixed member.
- 18. The clock signal device for activating a signal of claim 17, wherein the signal circuit is configured to send a light source signal in response to contact between the movable member and the fixed member.
- 19. The clock signal device for activating a signal of claim 17, wherein the signal circuit is configured to send a snooze signal in response to contact between the movable member and the fixed member.
- 20. A method of using an alarm clock which activates at least one signal when the alarm clock is elevated off a surface, comprising:

pressuring a button member in an opened position;

elevating the alarm clock off the surface;

biasing a movable member in contact with a fixed member while biasing the button member to a closed position; and

engaging at least one signal in response to the contact between movable member and the fixed member.

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- 21. The method of using an alarm clock according to claim 20, further comprising lowering the alarm clock back on the surface.
- 22. The method of using an alarm clock according to claim 20, further comprising pressuring the button member back to the open position.
- 23. The method of using an alarm clock according to claim 20, further comprising disengaging the at least one signal.
- 24. The method of using an alarm clock according to claim 20, wherein the at least one signal is a light signal.
- 25. The method of using an alarm clock according to claim 20, wherein the at least one signal is a snooze function.